

Test Bank for Introduction to Criminal Justice 10th Bohm

Introduction to Criminal Justice 10th Edition by Bohm

CH01

ANSWERS ARE LOCATED IN THE SECOND PART OF THIS DOCUMENT

TRUE/FALSE - Write 'T' if the statement is true and 'F' if the statement is false.

1) Sensational crime news stories provide a fairly accurate image of the types of crime by which the average citizen is victimized.

1) _____

- ☐ true
- ☐ false

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Remember

Difficulty : Easy

Topic : Crime in the United States

2) The calls police routinely respond to rarely involve the sensational crimes reported by the media.

2) _____

- ☐ true
- ☐ false

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Remember

Difficulty : Easy

Topic : Crime in the United States

3) Usually, society turns to criminal justice only after other institutions of social control have failed.

3) _____

- ☐ true
- ☐ false

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Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Remember

Difficulty : Easy

Topic : Criminal Justice: An Institution of Social Control

- 4) The criminal justice response to crime begins when a crime is reported to the police.

4) _____

- ☐ true
☐ false

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Remember

Difficulty : Easy

Topic : Criminal Justice: The System

- 5) A summary trial may be held in a felony case.

5) _____

- ☐ true
☐ false

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Remember

Difficulty : Easy

Topic : Criminal Justice: The System

- 6) A prosecutor always reviews the case before an arrest is made.

6) _____

- ☐ true
☐ false

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Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Remember

Difficulty : Easy

Topic : Criminal Justice: The System

7) In the case of a felony, a hearing is held to determine whether the defendant should be released or whether there is probable cause to hold the defendant for a preliminary hearing.

7) _____

- ☐ true
- ☐ false

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Remember

Difficulty : Easy

Topic : Criminal Justice: The System

8) Probable cause is a standard of proof that requires trustworthy evidence sufficient to make a reasonable person believe that, more likely than not, the proposed action is justified.

8) _____

- ☐ true
- ☐ false

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Remember

Difficulty : Easy

Topic : Criminal Justice: The System

9) A grand jury is a group of citizens who hear a criminal case during trial and decide upon the defendant's guilt.

9) _____

- ☐ true
- ☐ false

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Question Details

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Bloom's : Remember

Difficulty : Easy

Topic : Criminal Justice: The System

10) Judges are limited by statutory provisions when passing a sentence.

10) _____

- ☐ true
- ☐ false

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Remember

Difficulty : Easy

Topic : Criminal Justice: The System

11) Bail is the conditional release of prisoners before they have served their full sentences.

11) _____

- ☐ true
- ☐ false

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Remember

Difficulty : Easy

Topic : Criminal Justice: The System

12) From a political standpoint, the crime control model reflects traditional liberal values.

12) _____

- ☐ true
- ☐ false

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Bloom's : Remember

Difficulty : Easy

Topic : Two Models of Criminal Justice

13) The crime control model places a premium on speed and finality.

13) _____

- ☐ true
- ☐ false

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Remember

Difficulty : Easy

Topic : Two Models of Criminal Justice

14) The primary focus of the due process model is efficiency.

14) _____

- ☐ true
- ☐ false

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Remember

Difficulty : Easy

Topic : Two Models of Criminal Justice

15) In the due process model, the factual guilt of suspects is not determined until the suspects have had a full opportunity to discredit the charges against them.

15) _____

- ☐ true
- ☐ false

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Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Remember

Difficulty : Easy

Topic : Two Models of Criminal Justice

16) The doctrine of legal guilt emphasizes the presumption of innocence.

16) _____

- ☐ true
- ☐ false

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Remember

Difficulty : Easy

Topic : Two Models of Criminal Justice

17) Neither the crime control model nor the due process model is likely to completely control criminal justice in the future.

17) _____

- ☐ true
- ☐ false

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Understand

Difficulty : Medium

Topic : Two Models of Criminal Justice

18) Criminal justice is primarily a state and local function.

18) _____

- ☐ true
- ☐ false

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Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Remember

Difficulty : Easy

Topic : Costs of Criminal Justice

MULTIPLE CHOICE - Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

19) As discussed in your textbook, the list of calls for police service in Portland, Oregon, shows which type of call for service to be the most common?

19) _____

- A) burglar alarms
- B) unwanted persons
- C) violent offenses
- D) prisoner transportation

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Remember

Difficulty : Easy

Topic : Crime in the United States

20) As an institution of social control, criminal justice differs from the family, schools, organized religion, the media, and the law in that it

20) _____

- A) requires society to abide by passive social values.
- B) exists as a single system.
- C) is generally society's "last line of defense."
- D) is usually used along with other institutions of social control.

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Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Topic : Crime in the United States

Bloom's : Understand

Difficulty : Medium

21) Like the family, schools, organized religion, the media, and the law, criminal justice is a(n)

21) _____

- A) institution of social control.
- B) private response to crime.
- C) informal method of social control.
- D) subtle social control.

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Remember

Difficulty : Easy

Topic : Criminal Justice: An Institution of Social Control

22) American criminal justice consists of three main agencies. Which of the following is NOT one of those three main agencies?

22) _____

- A) corrections
- B) prisons
- C) police
- D) courts

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Bloom's : Remember

Difficulty : Easy

Topic : Criminal Justice: The System

23) Which of the following types of offenses may be punishable by death in the United States?

23) _____

- A) libel
- B) a misdemeanor
- C) slander
- D) a felony

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Remember

Difficulty : Easy

Topic : Criminal Justice: The System

24) The term "jurisdiction," as used in your text, means

24) _____

- A) the specific location in which a court is located.
- B) the loose confederation of prisons and jails around the country.
- C) a politically defined geographical area.
- D) the system of rank and hierarchy within police agencies.

Question Details

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Bloom's : Understand

Difficulty : Medium

Topic : Criminal Justice: The System

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25) During which of the following stages is an administrative record of an arrest made?

25) _____

- A) Initial appearance
- B) Booking
- C) Preliminary hearing
- D) Arraignment

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Understand

Difficulty : Medium

Topic : Criminal Justice: The System

26) A suspect becomes a defendant after

26) _____

- A) a grand jury issues a no bill against the suspect.
- B) a complaint has been made.
- C) an absence of probable cause has been established.
- D) one or more charges have been filed.

Question Details

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Bloom's : Understand

Difficulty : Medium

Topic : Criminal Justice: The System

27) In the case of a misdemeanor or an ordinance violation, a(n) _____ may be held.

27) _____

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- A) summary trial
- B) information
- C) arrest warrant
- D) grand jury

Question Details

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Bloom's : Remember

Difficulty : Easy

Topic : Criminal Justice: The System

28) The purpose of a(n) _____ is for a judge to determine whether there is probable cause to believe that the defendant committed the crime or crimes with which he or she is charged.

28) _____

- A) preliminary hearing
- B) indictment
- C) arraignment
- D) initial appearance

Question Details

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Bloom's : Remember

Difficulty : Easy

Topic : Criminal Justice: The System

29) The primary purpose of a(n) _____ is to hear the formal information or indictment and to allow the defendant to enter a plea.

29) _____

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- A) preliminary hearing
- B) indictment
- C) arraignment
- D) initial appearance

Question Details

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Bloom's : Remember

Difficulty : Easy

Topic : Criminal Justice: The System

30) About _____ of criminal defendants plead guilty to the charges against them in an arrangement called plea bargaining.

30) _____

- A) 95 percent
- B) 75 percent
- C) 50 percent
- D) 25 percent

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

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Difficulty : Easy

Topic : Criminal Justice: The System

31) Cases that are not resolved through plea bargaining or by a jury trial are decided by a judge in a(n)

31) _____

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- A) grand jury.
- B) indictment.
- C) bench trial.
- D) arraignment.

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Remember

Difficulty : Easy

Topic : Criminal Justice: The System

32) One of the main purposes of an arraignment is to

32) _____

- A) outline the formal charge or charges against the defendant.
- B) allow the defendant to enter a plea.
- C) determine whether there is probable cause.
- D) ensure that the defendant will appear at a later stage in the criminal justice process.

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Understand

Difficulty : Medium

Topic : Criminal Justice: The System

33) Currently, five general types of punishment are in use in the United States. Which of the following is NOT one of these punishments?

33) _____

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- A) probation
- B) transportation
- C) intermediate punishments
- D) death

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Remember

Difficulty : Easy

Topic : Criminal Justice: The System

34) Defendants can appeal their convictions on legal or constitutional grounds. Which of the following is an example of a constitutional ground on which a defendant may appeal a conviction?

34) _____

- A) mistaken interpretations of law
- B) defects in jury selection
- C) improper admission of evidence at trial
- D) illegal search and seizure

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Understand

Difficulty : Medium

Topic : Criminal Justice: The System

35) Defendants can appeal their convictions on legal or constitutional grounds. Which of the following is an example of a legal ground on which a defendant may appeal a conviction?

35) _____

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- A) defects in jury selection
- B) incompetent assistance of counsel
- C) improper questioning of the defendant by the police
- D) identification of the defendant through a defective police lineup

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Understand

Difficulty : Medium

Topic : Criminal Justice: The System

36) Which of the following statements is true of parole?

36) _____

- A) It is unconditional in nature.
- B) It is given before prisoners have served their full sentences.
- C) It includes modifying the verdict of a lower court and reversing it.
- D) It is granted, by default, by all jurisdictions in the United States.

Question Details

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Bloom's : Understand

Difficulty : Medium

Topic : Criminal Justice: The System

37) In the United States, the states that do not utilize preliminary hearings schedule an arraignment date at the _____.

37) _____

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- A) initial appearance
- B) summary trial
- C) stage of booking
- D) stage of arrest

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Remember

Difficulty : Easy

Topic : Criminal Justice: The System

38) Because there is considerable conflict and confusion between different agencies of criminal justice, an accurate way of defining American criminal justice may be to call it

38) _____

- A) a system.
- B) a nonsystem.
- C) extremely uniform.
- D) smoothly operating.

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Remember

Difficulty : Easy

Topic : Criminal Justice: The Nonsystem

39) When politically conservative values are dominant in society, the principles and policies of _____ seem to dominate the operation of criminal justice.

39) _____

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- A) the crime control model
- B) obstacle-course justice
- C) fact-finding processes
- D) the due process model

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Understand

Difficulty : Medium

Topic : Two Models of Criminal Justice

40) According to the crime control model of criminal justice, the most important function of criminal justice is

40) _____

- A) the means by which crime is controlled.
- B) rehabilitation.
- C) the control of criminal behavior.
- D) human rights.

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Remember

Difficulty : Easy

Topic : Two Models of Criminal Justice

41) What is the key to the operation of the crime control model?

41) _____

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- A) The defense of personal freedom
- B) The doctrine of legal guilt
- C) A focus on due process
- D) A presumption of guilt

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Remember

Difficulty : Easy

Topic : Two Models of Criminal Justice

42) If defendants are not satisfied with the outcome of their trials, they have the right to

42) _____

- A) declare a mistrial.
- B) appeal.
- C) retrial.
- D) request new counsel.

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Understand

Difficulty : Medium

Topic : Two Models of Criminal Justice

43) Which of the following is used to increase efficiency—meaning speed and finality—in the crime control model?

43) _____

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- A) a mistrial
- B) plea bargaining
- C) an appeal
- D) a bench trial

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Remember

Difficulty : Easy

Topic : Two Models of Criminal Justice

44) A major problem with the crime control model is that a presumption of guilt goes against which of the oldest and most cherished principles of American criminal justice?

44) _____

- A) Defendants have the right to counsel, even if they are indigent.
- B) Defendants have the right to a jury of their peers.
- C) Defendants are considered innocent until proven guilty.
- D) Defendants are protected against compelled self-incrimination.

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Remember

Difficulty : Easy

Topic : Two Models of Criminal Justice

45) Herbert Packer characterizes the due process model as

45) _____

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- A) "assembly-line justice."
- B) focused on speed and efficiency.
- C) more concerned with guilt than with innocence.
- D) "obstacle-course justice."

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Understand

Difficulty : Medium

Topic : Two Models of Criminal Justice

46) The due process model is based on the doctrine of

46) _____

- A) legal guilt.
- B) factual guilt.
- C) presumptive guilt.
- D) legal innocence.

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Understand

Difficulty : Medium

Topic : Two Models of Criminal Justice

47) Which of the following is a condition of legal guilt?

47) _____

- A) the right to counsel
- B) freedom from interrogation
- C) the right to double jeopardy
- D) freedom from all forms of searches and seizures

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Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Remember

Difficulty : Easy

Topic : Two Models of Criminal Justice

48) One way in which state and local governments in the United States share the costs of criminal justice is by making _____ primarily a local function.

48) _____

- A) corrections
- B) juvenile justice
- C) police protection
- D) judicial services

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Remember

Difficulty : Easy

Topic : Costs of Criminal Justice

49) In 2015, which level of government spent the most on police protection?

49) _____

- A) federal
- B) state
- C) local
- D) Expenses were equally divided among all levels of government

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Remember

Difficulty : Easy

Topic : Costs of Criminal Justice

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50) In 2015, which level of government spent the most on corrections?

50) _____

- A) federal
- B) state
- C) local
- D) Expenses were equally divided among all levels of government

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Remember

Difficulty : Easy

Topic : Costs of Criminal Justice

51) In 2015, the federal government spent about _____ of the total expenditures on criminal and civil justice.

51) _____

- A) 20 percent
- B) 8 percent
- C) 16 percent
- D) 6 percent

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Remember

Difficulty : Easy

Topic : Costs of Criminal Justice

52) How much did the state of Florida reportedly spend to administer justice to serial murderer Ted Bundy in 1989?

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52) _____

- A) \$10,000
- B) \$100,000
- C) \$1 million
- D) \$10 million

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Remember

Difficulty : Easy

Topic : Costs of Criminal Justice

53) Overall, about how much of every tax dollar is spent on criminal justice?

53) _____

- A) 4 cents
- B) 10 cents
- C) 1 cent
- D) 25 cents

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Remember

Difficulty : Easy

Topic : Costs of Criminal Justice

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SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question.

54) Assume that an arrest is made and the defendant is found guilty. Number of the following steps in the order in which they occur in the criminal justice process. Numbers should be from 1 to 11.

- _____ possible appeal
- _____ either indictment by a grand jury followed by arraignment or arraignment on an information
- _____ formal charging of the suspect
- _____ arrest
- _____ preliminary hearing (for a felony)
- _____ sentencing
- _____ booking
- _____ investigation
- _____ initial appearance
- _____ punishment
- _____ either a plea bargain or a trial

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Topic : Criminal Justice: The System
Bloom's : Create
Difficulty : Hard

55) Identify the two ways described in your textbook in which criminal justice differs from other institutions of social control.

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Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Understand

Difficulty : Medium

Topic : Criminal Justice: An Institution of Social Control

56) Defendants can appeal their convictions either on legal grounds or on constitutional grounds. Your textbook identifies three examples of legal grounds and four examples of constitutional grounds. Name two of each.

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Understand

Difficulty : Medium

Topic : Criminal Justice: The System

57) What are the four ways in which an appellate court can handle a case that has been appealed?

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Topic : Criminal Justice: The System

Bloom's : Create

Difficulty : Hard

58) Explain the two reasons the American criminal justice system is a nonsystem.

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Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Understand

Difficulty : Medium

Topic : Criminal Justice: The Nonsystem

59) Explain the doctrine of legal guilt.

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Understand

Difficulty : Medium

Topic : Two Models of Criminal Justice

60) Your textbook identifies nine due process rights that affect the determination of legal guilt. Name five of them.

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Understand

Difficulty : Medium

Topic : Two Models of Criminal Justice

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61) You have just purchased a new home and planted some rosebushes in the front yard. Your neighbor, Jack, claims that they are on his property. You try to discuss the situation calmly, but Jack threatens to destroy the bushes and the two of you begin shouting loudly at one another. The police are called and warn you both to calm down or be arrested for disturbing the peace. That evening, your security camera records Jack pulling the rosebushes out of the ground. You go to the police and file a complaint for larceny with regard to the cost of the roses.

Explain what is likely to happen to Jack by outlining the stages from arrest to the possible disposition of the case, using either the crime control or the due process model. Assume this is Jack's first offense and that he fully admits to taking the roses.

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Topic : Criminal Justice: The System

Topic : Two Models of Criminal Justice

Bloom's : Create

Difficulty : Hard

62) Using your local law enforcement jurisdiction as an example, gather the most recently published crime statistics, as well as a review of recent headlines, and prepare an answer to the following scenario:

Mary, who has been charged with felony burglary, has been indicted by a grand jury and is facing trial next month. Given the history of your jurisdiction's key players in the police department, court, and corrections, will she likely experience the due process model or the crime control model? Why? How, if at all, will this vary from recent trends within the United States?

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Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Topic : Criminal Justice: The System

Topic : Two Models of Criminal Justice

Bloom's : Create

Difficulty : Hard

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Answer Key

Test name: CH01

- 1) FALSE
- 2) TRUE
- 3) TRUE
- 4) TRUE
- 5) FALSE
- 6) FALSE
- 7) TRUE
- 8) TRUE
- 9) FALSE
- 10) TRUE
- 11) FALSE
- 12) FALSE
- 13) TRUE
- 14) FALSE
- 15) TRUE
- 16) TRUE
- 17) TRUE
- 18) TRUE
- 19) B
- 20) C
- 21) A
- 22) B
- 23) D
- 24) C
- 25) B

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- 26) D
- 27) A
- 28) A
- 29) C
- 30) A
- 31) C
- 32) B
- 33) B
- 34) D
- 35) A
- 36) B
- 37) A
- 38) B
- 39) A
- 40) C
- 41) D
- 42) B
- 43) B
- 44) C
- 45) D
- 46) A
- 47) A
- 48) C
- 49) C
- 50) B
- 51) A
- 52) D
- 53) C
- 54) 10, 7, 4, 2, 6, 9, 3, 1, 5, 11, 8

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55) The two ways are as follows: 1) The role of criminal justice is officially restricted to persuading people to abide by a limited range of social values: those whose violation constitutes crime. Behaviors are of no official concern to criminal justice unless they violate the criminal law. 2) Criminal justice is generally society's "last line of defense" against people who refuse to abide by dominant social values and commit crimes.

56) Examples of legal grounds include defects in jury selection, improper admission of evidence at trial, and mistaken interpretations of law.

Four examples of constitutional grounds are illegal search and seizure, improper questioning of the defendant by the police, identification of the defendant through a defective police lineup, and incompetent assistance of counsel.

57) The appellate court can affirm the verdict of the lower court and let it stand; modify the verdict of the lower court, without totally reversing it; reverse the verdict of the lower court, which requires no further court action; reverse the decision and remand, or return, the case to the court of original jurisdiction for either a retrial or resentencing.

58) The two reasons are as follows: 1) There is no single system but instead a loose confederation of many independent criminal justice agencies at all levels of government. 2) Rather than being a smoothly operating set of arrangements and institutions, the agencies of the criminal justice system interact with one another but generally operate independently, often causing problems for one another.

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59) According to the doctrine of legal guilt, people are not to be held guilty of crimes merely on a showing, based on reliable evidence, that in all probability they did in fact do what they are accused of doing. It is not enough that people are factually guilty; they must also be legally guilty. This means that the integrity of due process rights must be maintained.

60) Answers can include any of the following: freedom from unreasonable searches and seizures, protection against double jeopardy, protection against compelled self-incrimination, a speedy and public trial, an impartial jury of the state and district where the crime occurred, notice of the nature and cause of the accusation, the right to confront opposing witnesses, compulsory process for obtaining favorable witnesses, the right to counsel, the prohibition of cruel, and unusual punishment.

61) Answers will vary but should include a discussion of the police, courts, and corrections. They should at least briefly identify the stages of the arrest, booking, preliminary hearing, arraignment, standard of proof, and the likelihood of plea bargaining. Answers about corrective measures will vary depending on whether the student applies the due process or the crime control model.

62) Answers will vary according to jurisdictions but should include a discussion of liberalism and conservatism as reflected in each of the two models and a likelihood of how the current presidential administration will impact these models. Discussions of these are reflected in the text under "Crime Control versus Due Process."