

Test Bank for Drugs Society and Human Behavior 18th Hart

Drugs Society and Human Behavior 18th Edition by Hart

CH01

ANSWERS ARE LOCATED IN THE SECOND PART OF THIS DOCUMENT

TRUE/FALSE - Write 'T' if the statement is true and 'F' if the statement is false.

1) Cocaine and methamphetamine are still used for medical purposes in the United States.

1) _____

- ☐ true
- ☐ false

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Remember

2) There are some drugs that we should just define as being "bad drugs."

2) _____

- ☐ true
- ☐ false

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Remember

3) In the context of substance use, some people use the term *addiction* only to those cases where a person's daily life is completely overtaken by substance use.

3) _____

- ☐ true
- ☐ false

Question Details

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Bloom's : Remember

4) According to the text, the word "addiction" is a controversial term that has different meanings for different people.

4) _____

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- ☐ true
- ☐ false

Question Details

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Bloom's : Remember

5) A correlate is a variable that is statistically related to another variable.

5) _____

- ☐ true
- ☐ false

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Remember

6) Willingness to fight with peers seems to be an important protective factor against substance use.

6) _____

- ☐ true
- ☐ false

Question Details

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Bloom's : Remember

7) The Monitoring the Future study, conducted by the University of Michigan, allows one to see changes over time in the rates of drug use.

7) _____

- ☐ true
- ☐ false

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Bloom's : Remember

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MULTIPLE CHOICE - Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

8) One of the general principles of psychoactive drugs is that every drug has _____ blank.

8) _____

- A) effects on the heart
- B) impurities
- C) multiple effects
- D) a key to some part of the mind

Question Details

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Bloom's : Remember

9) One of the general principles of psychoactive drug use is that the effect of any psychoactive drug depends on _____ blank.

9) _____

- A) the individual's history and expectations
- B) its legal status
- C) the user's diet
- D) the user's unique brain chemistry

Question Details

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Bloom's : Remember

10) Methamphetamine, crack cocaine, and ecstasy was given as examples of media reports on

10) _____

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- A) the "drug du jour."
- B) laissez-faire.
- C) drugs that are always "bad drugs."
- D) drug use by celebrities.

Question Details

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Bloom's : Remember

11) One of the general principles of psychoactive drug use is that

11) _____

- A) all psychoactive drugs should be banned.
- B) most people are unable to control their own drug use.
- C) every drug has an opposite drug that can counteract it.
- D) drugs, per se, are not good or bad.

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Remember

12) One of the first drugs used by a typical drug user is called a(n) _____ blank drug.

12) _____

- A) reinforcing
- B) illicit
- C) gateway
- D) analgesic

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Question Details

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Bloom's : Remember

13) Drug use that is not common within a social group and that is disapproved of by the majority, causing members of a group to take corrective action when it occurs is

13) _____

- A) deviant drug use.
- B) drug misuse.
- C) drug abuse.
- D) illicit drug abuse.

Question Details

Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Remember

14) A drug that is unlawful to possess or use is defined in the text as

14) _____

- A) an illicit drug.
- B) a narcotic.
- C) an addictive drug.
- D) an abused drug.

Question Details

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Bloom's : Remember

15) _____ blank generally refers to the use of prescribed drugs in greater amounts than, or for purposes other than, those prescribed by a health care professional such as a physician.

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15) _____

- A) Drug abuse
- B) Drug dependence
- C) Deviant drug use
- D) Drug misuse

Question Details

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Bloom's : Remember

16) According to the Monitoring the Future Project at the University of Michigan, which of the following drugs is least reported to be ever used by college students?

16) _____

- A) cocaine
- B) amphetamines
- C) heroin
- D) hallucinogens

Question Details

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Bloom's : Remember

17) Suppose a person is prescribed opioid medication (similar to heroin) to treat a painful injury. But after her injury heals, she takes the drug primarily to feel euphoria. Based on this information alone, what term would you use to describe her drug use?

17) _____

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- A) drug dependence
- B) deviant drug use
- C) drug abuse
- D) drug misuse

Question Details

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Bloom's : Understand

18) Drugs have played a significant role in human society

18) _____

- A) for about the past 100 years.
- B) only since the 1960s.
- C) for thousands of years.
- D) only in Europe and North America.

Question Details

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Bloom's : Remember

19) In the past 100 years, the introduction of vaccines to prevent diseases and antibiotics to cure some types of infections laid the foundation for

19) _____

- A) illicit drug markets.
- B) our acceptance of medicines as the cornerstone of our health care system.
- C) many dangerous drug interactions.
- D) the "war on drugs."

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Question Details

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Bloom's : Remember

20) Which of the following is a limitation of the survey questionnaire studies on drug use among adolescents and young adults?

20) _____

- A) The sample sizes used for research studies are too small.
- B) This technique can be used only on students who are in classrooms.
- C) The researchers who conduct these studies tend to be biased.
- D) The results do not reflect trends in drug use over time due to fluctuating tendencies to overreport or underreport drug use.

Question Details

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Bloom's : Understand

21) Despite the limitations of survey questionnaires, they can be especially informative

21) _____

- A) if they are done year after year because we can then look for changes over time.
- B) about use among those who are not included in the survey.
- C) about alcohol use because it is not illegal.
- D) about the misuse of prescription drugs.

Question Details

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Bloom's : Remember

22) Factors that are correlated with an increased likelihood of drug use are known as

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22) _____

- A) causal factors.
- B) drug profiles.
- C) risk factors.
- D) weaknesses.

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Bloom's : Remember

23) Factors that are correlated with a decreased likelihood of drug use are known as

23) _____

- A) antecedents.
- B) gender and age.
- C) deviates.
- D) protective factors.

Question Details

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Bloom's : Remember

24) One of the most important risk factors for drug use is

24) _____

- A) having friends who use marijuana or other substances.
- B) being heavily involved in extracurricular activities.
- C) having lots of money.
- D) believing that your parents are a source of social support.

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Question Details

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Bloom's : Remember

25) One of the most important protective factors for drug use is

25) _____

- A) having to work for your spending money.
- B) having been punished for fighting.
- C) knowing adults who use drugs.
- D) believing that there are strong sanctions against substance use at school.

Question Details

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Bloom's : Remember

26) One very consistent finding is that students who report _____ blank are less likely to smoke cigarettes, drink alcohol, or use any type of illicit drug than other students.

26) _____

- A) having high self-esteem
- B) being well-off financially
- C) having more involvement with religion
- D) having lots of friends

Question Details

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Bloom's : Remember

27) According to results from the National Survey on Drug Use and Health, which of these ethnic groups reports the highest rate of use of alcohol, tobacco, and cocaine?

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27) _____

- A) White
- B) African American
- C) Hispanic
- D) Asian

Question Details

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Bloom's : Remember

28) Compared to young adults who finished high school only, those with college degrees

28) _____

- A) are more likely to use cocaine.
- B) are much more likely to drink alcohol and much less likely to use tobacco.
- C) are more likely to smoke marijuana.
- D) report similar rates of use of most substances.

Question Details

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Bloom's : Remember

29) Which of the following statements is true of the relationships between substance use and various indicators of individual differences in personality variables?

29) _____

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- A) Large-scale survey studies of substance use in the general population have strong correlations with most traditional personality traits.
- B) Correlational studies of long-term substance use among young adults have shown a strong link between poor academic performances and substance use.
- C) Various ways of measuring a factor called impulsivity can be correlated with rates of substance use in the general population.
- D) Personality factors play a big role in whether someone decides to try alcohol or marijuana but a small role in whether that use develops into a serious problem.

Question Details

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Bloom's : Understand

30) Which of the following statements defines the term "antecedents"?

30) _____

- A) They are characteristics that predict the later initiation of drug use.
- B) They are variables that are statistically related to some other variables, such as drug use.
- C) They are substances that cause one to escalate to more deviant forms of drug use.
- D) They are those forms of drug use that are not considered either normal or acceptable by the society at large.

Question Details

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Bloom's : Remember

31) In one study, adolescents who smoked cigarettes were about twice as likely as nonsmokers to later use marijuana. For this reason, cigarettes have been referred to as

31) _____

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- A) addicting.
- B) a gateway substance.
- C) toxic.
- D) a correlate.

Question Details

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Bloom's : Remember

32) In the context of drug use, which of the following statements is true of gateway substances?

32) _____

- A) The order of use of gateway substances determines the rate of deterioration of dopamine neurons in the mesolimbic pathway in the brain.
- B) Most people who use gateway substances go on to become cocaine users.
- C) Their use is the cause of later illicit drug use among young people and school students.
- D) Their use is an early indicator of the basic pattern of deviant behavior resulting from a variety of psychosocial risk factors.

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Bloom's : Understand

33) _____ blank means that, everything else being equal, each time one takes the drug one increases slightly the probability that he or she will take it again.

33) _____

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- A) Reinforcement
- B) Altered perception
- C) Deviant drug use
- D) Drug misuse

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Bloom's : Remember

34) Michelle is an engineering graduate. She tried cocaine at a friend's party, and it gave her an altered state of consciousness. She gradually became a regular user of the substance. With every use, she increased the chance of using the substance again. Identify this process of repeated use.

34) _____

- A) drug misuse
- B) correlation
- C) deviant drug use
- D) reinforcement

Question Details

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Bloom's : Apply

35) Which type of factor probably plays a bigger role in determining whether a person will try a drug in the first place as opposed to determining which of those who try it will become dependent?

35) _____

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- A) genetics
- B) personality
- C) individual reaction to the drug
- D) social

Question Details

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Bloom's : Understand

ESSAY. Write your answer in the space provided or on a separate sheet of paper.

- 36) Explain the differences between the definitions of drug misuse and deviant drug use.

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Bloom's : Understand

- 37) Discuss two significant developments that have changed the way society views drugs.

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Bloom's : Remember

- 38) Discuss the role of genetics in drug use.

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Question Details

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Bloom's : Remember

39) In terms of substance use, what is meant by risk factors and protective factors? Provide at least two important examples of each.

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Bloom's : Remember

40) Discuss how personality variables relate to substance use.

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Bloom's : Understand

41) What is meant by gateway substances? What is one example of a gateway substance? What is wrong with assuming that using a gateway substance causes an increased use of other substances?

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Bloom's : Understand

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Answer Key

Test name: CH01

- 1) TRUE
- 2) FALSE
- 3) TRUE
- 4) TRUE
- 5) TRUE
- 6) FALSE
- 7) TRUE
- 8) C
- 9) A
- 10) A
- 11) D
- 12) C
- 13) A
- 14) A
- 15) D
- 16) C
- 17) D
- 18) C
- 19) B
- 20) B
- 21) A
- 22) C
- 23) D
- 24) A
- 25) D

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26) C

27) A

28) B

29) C

30) A

31) B

32) D

33) A

34) D

35) D

36) Misuse: greater amounts or for other purposes than prescribed; deviant: not common in a social group and leads to corrective action by members of the group. Bonus: appropriate examples of each, showing how these definitions may overlap in specific instances.

37) One change has been the development of legal pharmaceuticals, which has laid the foundation for the acceptance of medicines for diseases (for example, vaccines) and for reasons other than illness (for example, birth control). A second development has been the "war on drugs," which shifted societal focus to tight legal regulations and restrictions of drugs deemed to be relatively dangerous.

38) Interest in studying the genetic influences on drug use is increasing. Genetic factors seem to play a small role in whether or not someone tries a drug. These factors seem to be more important in determining whether drug use develops into a serious problem. There is limited data to support this speculation.

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39) Risk factors and protective factors are the attitudes or social factors that correlate with either increased (risk) or decreased (protective) use of substances. Examples of risk factors include having friends who use drugs, engaging in antisocial activities frequently, believing that substance abuse is prevalent at school, knowing adults who use drugs, and viewing marijuana use positively. Examples of protective factors are believing that substance abuse at school is punished strongly, having parents who provide social support, having school commitments, giving importance to religious activities, and participating in extracurricular activities.

40) Most large surveys find little or no relationship to most personality measures, such as self-esteem. The most consistent correlations have been found for impulsivity. Bonus: distinguishing between studies of rates of use in the general population vs. comparisons with dependent users, with both impulsivity and personality disorders more strongly associated with dependence/abuse.

41) A gateway substance (e.g., cigarettes) is one that is used before illicit substances and the use of which is associated with an increased likelihood of later use of illicit substances. Assuming a person is generally more likely to engage in deviant or problem behavior, the apparent gateway substance might just be the easiest thing for a young person to start with, so it is most likely to be the first. Bonus: discussion of whether preventing or delaying cigarette smoking would reduce later use of marijuana or other substances.